DRESS GOODS-GEO. R TAYLOR.

G. R. T.

1150 Main Through to 1153 Market,

## LAROKA HEIGHTS

Adjoining the Camp Ground and overlooking the beautiful valley.

The most desirable place for

residence in Moundsville.

We have recently opened and graded Wal-nur, Oak and Linden Avenues and Park Piace and are offering special burgains to actual beiders. Sales have been made within the past week in blocks of four six, etc. and houses will be creted at onc. Apply to

J. GLENN COOK, General Manager, Moundsville Mining & Manufacturing Co.

FOR RENT

sell MOUNDSVILLE, W. VA.

JAMES A. HENRY,

\$1,000 buys a fine lot in Leatherwood.
\$1,350 buys a fine lot on Indians street.
\$1,350 buys a fine lot on Indians street.
\$1,000 buys a good lot in old Fair Grounds.
A lot on North Front street. River view.
\$1,000 buys a lot. 50x120, on Indians street.
\$1,500 buys a lot. 50x120, on Indians street.
\$1,500 buys a lot. 50x120, on Indians street.
\$1,500 buys 20x122 feet on South York street.
\$1,500 buys 30x112 feet on North Huron street.
\$1,500 buys a fine lot on South Furon street.
\$1,500 buys a lot 30x134 feet on Zane street.
\$1,500 buys a lot 30x134 feet on Zane street. IMPROVED PROPERTY.

No. 196 N. Front street, 8 rooms, hall and bath-room—lot 60x400 feet.
A nice residence and store room on Wood street.
No. 137 S. Broadway street, 7 rooms and hall, 2-larry frame dwelling.

story frame dwelling. A frame dwelling at Leatherwood, \$2,000. No. 936 Main street, 9 rooms. No. 1107 McColloch street, 7 rooms.

RINEHART & TATUM,

City Bank Building, Room No. 3. Telephone 219. guilti

\$2,000.
House of four rooms, corner of Wood and Twenty-fourth arreets, \$1,200.
Spleudid farm, fifty acres, nine miles cast of Splendid latni, may city, cheap. Farm of thirty-one acro, two miles from city, Runes' Run.

Lot at Edgington Lane, \$350. One of the best manufactu

NESBITT & DEVINE,

1739 Market Street.

## FOR SALE.

G. O. Smith, 1229 Market Street.

## FOR SALE.

No. 33 Thirty-fifth street, half lot, four rooms, with summer kitchen and large attic; \$2.100.

Three houses on Wood street, high ground, No. 5018, 559 and 5522. \$359 and.

Two houses on Twenty-ninth, four rooms and, \$1,400 and.

Pire lots on Treenty-ninth street, 30 by 101 feet, \$500 each.

Brick house, five rooms and large store room, 42.8 water street, \$2,500.

No. 5340 Wood street, lot 30x100 feet, six rooms, A good farm of 1756 ares, one and a half miles from the city. A good orchard, six screet in grayes, has a five roomed house, stables, etc. and the best of water. Will self on easy terms or trade for city property.

Lots in Hodmann's addition, the best value in the Eighth ward, on very easy terms, for a short time.

### JOSEPH A. ARKLE,

ension Attorney, Notary and Real Estate Agent, Houses rented and rents collected. Office No. SIJ Jacob street. propean steamship and draft agent. Passage tickets to and from all perts of Europe. Also drafts to any point in Europe.

CLOTHING, ETC. WANAMAKER & BROWN

mrid Agent, cor. Main anv. Twentieth St.

THE BOOTBLACK ORATOR.

LUMBER AND TARIFF.

try Not Protected Enough.

A Speech from a Former Democrat

Can be Trusted to Restore it.

The following from the Valley Messen-

In the course of his address Col.

Driscolsaid that he had been nominated

by the Republicans of the Eighth sena-

torial district of West Virginia as their candidate for state senator. Although

the reason that he felt it was peculiarly

his interest and duty to do everything

markets in which we sell the larger por-tion of our lumber. As a lumber man-ufacturer and a citizen of West Vir-ginia, he could not act with a party that openly advocated free trade so far as all the important interests of our state are concerned. Free lumber, free coal, free iron ore and free wool would mean com-mercial death to West Virginia. He could not see how any man who felt the slightest interest in the business of our country could agree that foreigners

slightest interest in the business of our country could agree that foreigners should be allowed to dump their manufactured articles and their wool into the markets of this country free from taxation, while our own manufacturers and farmers were required to pay heavy taxes to keep up our cities, counties and states. If this is to be done, let them take off the taxes upon manufacturing plants, farm lands and give us at least some show with the favored for

least some show with the favored for-

es are less than one-half what

and dams. He also has to pay for the right of crossing other properties in order to reach his timber lands. In very many other ways the American lumberman is placed at many disadvantages as contrasted with the Canadian. Now zentlemen, for these reasons, we are unable to compete with our Canadian neighbors. The lumber supply of this country is to-day entirely inadequate for the wants of our people. We have a forest area that is abundant for this and for many coming generations.

and for many coming generations.
There is no lack in the supply of the
material to build homes for our people.
Lumber to-day has reached a price, in
the downward trend, that is already

'Sam' Hiller's Varied Career-He Will Make Speeches for the Rejudican Ticket.

The West Virginia Lumber Indus-New York, Sept. 13 .- "Sam" Hillier, the bootblack orator of Ohio, who has come to New York for the purpose of making speeches for the Republican FREE TRADE WOULD BE RUINOUS. ticket, began work in a factory when he was a small boy. At the end of the first day's work he asked his employer what his wages were to be, and was informed that he was to get \$1 a week. Sam asked his employer to figure out for him how much that would amount to in a day, and when told that it was 16 cents, he demanded pay on the spot for that day's work, and closed his career as a factory hand. With that 16 cents he purchased a box of blacking and a second-hand brush, with which he began his career as a bootblack. He was then not more than six or seven years old. Since that time he has travelled from one end of the country to the day's work he asked his employer what in Greenbrier County, in Which He Tells His Renson for Joining the Party of Protection to American Industries-The McKinley Bill Reduced the Tariff on Lumber and it Hurt the Business-Democrats Would Ruin it Altogether by Letting Lumber in Free -- Republicans from one end of the country to the other, and has seen the most of London, and much of Continental Europe. When his brush did not earn money enough for his traveling expenses he ger and News, of Roncaverte, is a report of a speech made recently by Col. John Driscol, at Ronceverte. Col. Driscol was until recently a Democrat, and in this speech he gives his reasons for joining the party of protection.

this honor was entirely unsolicited upon his part, he had accepted it for his interest and duty to do everything in his power to prevent the success of the party that was now boldly advocating the doctrine of free trade. That this same party in its efforts to remove all protection from lumber had already done much to embarrass the operations of the company over which he presided. Canada is already sending vast quantities of pine lumber into our markets and if all duty is to be removed, with her unlimited forests of pine, cheap labor and water carriage, we would have but a poor show in the markets in which we sell the larger portion of our lumber. As a lumber man-

and much of Continental Europe. When his brush did not earn money enough for his traveling expenses he eked out the sum by selling newspapers, and when both callings failed him he managed to reduce his expenses by stowing himself away in boats, by travelling upon the trucks of passenger cars or stowed away in box cars as opportunity offered.

During the last ten years "Sam" has attended nearly every convention or great gathering in this country, and by being always conveniently under the feet of prominent men, noting their wants and supplying them, so far as was in his power, running errands a little faster than any other messenger they could send, he succeeded in attracting the attention of many important men of the nation. His collection, of autograph letters from these men is valuable, not only as an autograph collection, but because of the wise and kindly advice given to him in them.

When President Cleveland swung around the circle in 1887, "Sam" followed the crowd almost throughout the trip, blacking boots, selling newspapers, peddling badgos, running errands, making ends meet in any way possible to a bright boy. In one of the southern cities some of the newspaper correspondents made up a purse and offered it to "Sam" if he would make a speech to the crowd in opposition to Grover Cleveland. "Sam" having an eve to business, mounted the platform after the regular programme had been carried out, and made a speech in behalf of "the suffering bootblacks of the United States," saying that they would be found under the banner of protection, since they wanted freedom and competition with the London bootblacks, who received only a ha'penny for a shine. The speech was loudly applauded, and "Sam" then and there was christened "The Bootblack Orátor."

His next speech was made at Pontiac, before 5,000 people. The victorious Orchard Lake cadets had just returned

plauded, and "sam" then and there was christened "The Bootblack Orator."
His next speech was made at Pontiac, before 5,000 people. The victorious Orchard Lake cadets had just returned from a drill contest at Washington, whither "sam" had accompanied them as their mascot. Adjutant-General Ainger, closing his address of congratulation to the cadets, called on "Sam" and introduced him to the audience, saying that he would make an impromptu speech. "Sam" began with these words: "I am going to make an impromptu speech. I don't know what impromptu means, but General Ainger does, and whatever kind of speech I am going to make." The audience was in good humor, and "Sam's" speech was gounted a brilliant success.

In 1888, Willis B. Hawkins, then the editor of the Toledo Commercial, found "Sam" asleep in his office one day, and, having roused him and learned something of his history, gave him a place as office-boy. Mr. Hawkins soon afterward went to Washington, and in about twe months was surprised to see "Sam" walking into his office wearing a soldier overcoat, which dragged upon the floor, and a soldier cap many sizes too large for him. "Sam" had left Toledo with \$5 in his pocket, and had arrived in Washington by way of New York with \$5.

turing plants, farm lands and give us at least some show with the favored foreigner.

To show you that our foars of Canada are not entirely imaginary, in 1883 there was \$2 tariff on white pine lumber; in 1890 it was reduced to \$1 00. As a result Canada shipped lumber into the United States in 1891 to the amount of \$13,500,000, which represents about \$9,000,000 that would have been paid out to the labor of this country, if the lumber had been manufactured here.

Now, gentlemen, we in this country labor under a great many disadvantages which do not exist in Canada. In the first place the American lumberman buys his timber land. He invests in these lands a large amount of money originally before he starts out to manufacture. The policy of the Canadian government has been to sell what are known as timber limits, simply requiring the payment of a small royalty or bonus, per annum, so that the Canadian lumberman, when he starts to manufacture, has practically no investment in timber lands, and consequently the capital to conduct the business over there is very much less than is required in this country. That is a very important item, going to make up the cost of the manufactured article here. In many instances the Canadian does not pay for his timber until it is cut into lumber or until the logs are cut, so that he has no interest account. Then he has no taxes to pay, He in no way helps to support the American govern-

Washington by way of New York with \$1.

In Washington he made himself so useful to Frank Hatton, Congressman McComas, Senator Hansbrough and others, that they secured for him a position as page in the house of representatives. He had not occupied this position long before he organized and was elected speaker of the junior house, which became an interesting school of eloquence. He also tried his hand at newspaper correspondence, and sent some highly interesting gossip to the Toledo Commercial and other papers. At the Minneapolis convention this year "Sam" was appointed chief of pages, and since that time has devoted himself almost exclusively to efforts in sympathy with the lowly class from which he sprang, and is earnestly devoted to their interests. "Sam" will make his first appearance as an orator in New York this week. that he has no interest account. Then he has no taxes to pay. He is no way helps to support the American government, and indeed he does not help to support his own government, except so far as he pays the price of the timber limit, which is only fifty cents per thousand. Again, we all know that the cost of provisions in Canada are very much less than the cost here. The camp supplies there are very much less also, waters are less than one-half what also, wages are less than one-half what we pay in this country.

The policy of the Canadian government has been to encourage lumbering operations. The government has conconstructed flumes and dams, has cleaned out the streams and given the lumberman the best of highways, and other means of transportation. The American government does nothing of this kind. The American lumberman when he goes into the forest constructs his own means of transportation. He builds his own railroads, cleans out his own streams and builds his own flumes and dams. He also has to pay for the right of crossing other properties in in New York this week.

Martin's Ferry.

Prof. Schofield's musical institute in the Harrison building was formally opened on Monday night. The place has been nicely repainted and the walls adorned with pictures of noted musi-cians. There are over twenty-five

Persons having books to bind should go to the branch office of the INTELLI-GENCER, next door to the postoffice.

Miss Bertha Griffith, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Griffith, returned to Pittsburgh yesterday. Yesterday Bayless Bros., shipped a car load of blow pipe to the North-wood Glass Co. at Elwood, Pa.

W. T. Lewis and family left yesterday for Columbus, where they will reside during the term of Mr. Lewis.

School books and supplies of all kinds are sold by John W. Crooks, He exchanges school books.

Mrs. Samuel Snediker and son Wilbur, of Welisville, are visiting friends in this city.

I. E. Smith is home from a Western trip in the interest of the Buckeye glass

company.

A. P. Miller, of the Central Ohio
Paper Company, was in town yesterday.
The Belmont brick and tile works resumed operations yesterday.

Thos. E. Craig, editor and publisher of the New Haven (Mo.). Notes, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy with great satisfaction for the ailments of my children.

Procure It Before Leaving Home

Three years ago, while I was visiting relatives at Higginsville, Mo., I was suddealy taken with colle and severe pains in the stomach. My relatives sent to the doctor for medicine, and he sent me a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhova Remedy, telling the bear-er that if that medicine did not cure me he could not prescribe anything that would. I used it and was immediately relieved.—Henry A. Thofern. Daw

The Sunday morning train on the Ohio River road will hereafter leave at eight o'clock, city time, instead of seven o'clock. does that tells the story of its merit d has given it the largest sale of any

Stock on Measuring a stone Wall-Portin-ent Personals and News Notes.

ent Personals and News Notes.

The county commissioners and County Surveyor Bond are now making personal investigation and measurements of the stone walls about which there has been so much taik of more money being paid than the work called for. It is expensive, but it is the only thing left for them to do. The same kind of care earlier would have saved something of the reputation of part of the board in a business way. But to make the third or fourth measurement of a stone wall before being able to determine which is right, looks like child's play. child's play.

child's play.

There were representatives of Farson, Leach & Co., of Chicago, Spitzer & Co., of Toledo, Seasongood & Mayer, of Cincinnati, and Lamprecht Bros. & Co., and W. S. Hayes & Sons, of Cleveland, all bankers and bond dealers, in the city yesterday looking after \$17,850 of improvement bonds offered by this city. There seems to be quite a demand for 6 per cent bonds.

The board of health has recommended The board of health has recommended

that the city council build a crematory for the filth ordered to be cleaned up about town, and they also appointed Dr. D. W. Long assistant health officer, to act during the absence of Dr. J. P. West, who goes to New York tomorrow. The directors of the Novelty Stamp-

ing Company meet this evening, and it is probable the work of tearing down the old Belmont glass factory will be commenced to-morrow, to make room for a three-story brick building.

Will Bridenstein, of this city, and J. D. Arrick, of St. Clairsville, left yesterday for the Columbus lair, after which they will go to Kentucky and Indiana on a prospecting tour.

A small boy fell into the place where there used to be a fountain in Rum-bach's summer garden yesterday and broke his arm. He was a little tot, only

five or six years of age. R. C. Hasse, the B. & O. ticket agent at this place, is in New York, having gone there with Chas. W. Hancher, the jeweler of Wheeling.

Oscar Hampton, of Martin's Ferry, now occupies a place in the Cleveland & Pittsburgh freight office at this point. The City Council held a long session last night and transacted considerable business of a routine character.

George D. Creamer secured the con-tract to build a bridge at Futhey's, from the commissioners Monday. Dr. Kurtz has purchased property in Chicago and will move to that city the

fore part of next month. Hon. W. T. Lewis, state labor commissioner, went with his family to Columbus yesterday.

The Home Missionary Society meets this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Geo. H. Muth.

The sicel works are running to their full capacity and making good time these days.

Officer John Stroebel is training for a foot race, to take place on the 22d, for \$150 a side. Several people from this section are attending the Columbus fair this week.

NO NONSENSE.

The fact that Ministers, Professors, High School Teachers, Physicians and Hospital Superintendents endorse and recommend for a stimulant, Klein's Silever Age and Duquesne Rye Whiskies, is an assurance that no other whiskies are their equals. Sond for price list of all kinds of liquors to Max Klein, Allegheny, Pa. gheny, Pa.

Take Houest Advice

Indigestion, liver inactivity, throat and lung trouble, tired and sleepy feelings are often cured by the simplest remedy. Klein's Silver Age and Duquesne Rye Whis kies will do it. They tone up your system, help digestion, and generally give you life and vigor. They sell at \$1.50 and \$1.25 per quart respectively. All leading Penn'a Ryes at \$1.00 per full quart, six quarts for \$5. Send for catalogue to Max Klein, Allegheny, Pa.

Bolt more & Ohio Speri d Excursion Baltimore & Ohio Speri il Excursion
To the Pittsburgh Exposition on Saturday, September 10. The Baltimore &
Ohio railroad will sell excursion tickets
to Pittsburgh, for all trains on this date,
at the following low rates, which includes admission to Exposition: Bellaire, § 2 15; Wheeling, § 2 00. Tickets
good to return on all trains Monday.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and ac-ceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most

popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL, LOUISVILLE, KN. MEW VORK, MAIN.

Burdock Brood BITTERS

PURIFIES

THE

BLOOD.

BAD BLOOD. CURES BAD BLOOD. CURES BAD BLOOD.

H. B. MOESER, General Agent, 531 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. T. O. EDWARDS, State Agent, 1213 Market St., Wheeling, W. Va. JOSEPH W. THORNE, District Agent, Clarksburg, W. Va.

Announces the arrival of his regular purchase and importation of NEW FALL and WINTER GOODS for the season of 1892.

# Dress Goods.

Special attention is invited to our unusually extensive stock of IMPORTED DRESS GOODS, which surpasses in excellence and elegance any effort in the history of our business.

## OUR OWN STYLES

Most of our Fine Dress Goods come in patterns and cannot be duplicated. Fine Imported Trimmings and Changeable Velvets to suit our Dress Goods.

Our Stock of Evening Dress Goods also embraces a choice variety.

## JACKETS AND WRAPS, SEAL SKIN SACQUES

FROM THE BEST MANUFACTURERS.

## GEO. R. TAYLOR

FURNITURE-ALEXANDER FREW.

## FURNITURE.

### FINE FURNITURE AFFORDS A FEAST

To the eyes and a satisfaction to the souls, demonstrating conclusively, the sentiment of the poot, "A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREYER." I keep the kind that makes home comfortable and beautiful, cheers the heart of all the family, and contributes in many wars to their case and happiness.

PABLOR FURNITUHE expectally should be of a character to indicate a cultured teste and add elegance to a room. See my handsome displays in this line and I feel sure you will select a suit.

## ALEXANDER FREW,

Dealer in Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Windo w Shades, &c. 1117 MAIN STREET.

OIL WELL SUPPLIES.

OIL WELL SUPPLY CO. -OWNERS OF THE-Elba Iron Works, Continental Tube Works

And Six Other Manufactories Making Wrought Iron Steam, Line and Drive Pipe,

Tubing, Casing, Boilers, Engines, Drilling Rigs, Tools, Ropa, And Other Appliances Necessary for Drilling

OIL, GAS AND WATER ARTESIAN WELLS. Pittsburgh, Oil City and Bradford, Pa.

THE HOUSE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Has over \$127 of Assets to TRONG? secure every \$100 of Liabilities Write for rates on the Renewable Term Plan.

I have been suffering 10 years with Erysipelas. Have laken doctors medicines and patent medicines of most all kinds, but none seemed to do me any good. I finally made up my mind to try Burpock Blood Birrins. Have used four bottles of B B B, and think myself entirely cured.

Miss. N. J. McCAIAY. Bervice, Beaver Co. Pa.

We have been suffering 10 years with the for rates on the Renewable Term Ple AGENTS WANTED.

H. B. MOESER, General Agent, 531 Wood St., Pittsburgh, T. O. EDWARDS, State Agent, 1213 Market St., Wheeling, JOSEPH W. THORNE, District Agent, Clarksburg, W. Va. THOMAS & TRUMP, District Agents, Kingwood, W. Va.

myli-w

No. 05 Main street... No. 2520 Alley B, two rooms... No. 67 Alley 14... No. 2511 Alley B, two rooms...

FOR SALE

U. S. Claim Attorney, Real Estate Agent, Collec-tor and Notary Public, sel3 1612 Market Street.

## STOCKS FOR SALE.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

## FOR SALE.

2115 and 2117 Main street. 48 fact front.
House of six rooms, 2518 Jacob street, and
four roomed house in rear, \$2.500.
House of six rooms, 2220 Jacob street, \$3,300.
House of six rooms and hall, with modern
conveniences, 4546 Jacob street, \$2.750.
House of flour rooms, 2221 Wood street, \$1,350.
House of flour rooms, Fourteenth street, \$3,000.
House of five rooms, Korf street, Conter
Wheeling, \$2,300.
House of sight rooms, Jabob street, bet wen
Fiscentia and Sixteenth streets, \$5,500.
Three houses on Moyston street, Sixth Ward,
\$2,400.

on Boggs' Run. Inith street, \$800.
Lot on Twenty-inith street, \$800.
One-half lot on McColloch street, Center
Wheeling, \$100.
One-half, lot on McColloch and Belmont
streets, \$500.
One-half lot on Chapline street, Sixth Ward,

city, fronting on two railroads.

Good lots on Caldwell's run, 50x150, for \$330.
One of those very desirable river lots on North
Front street, and about the last lot for sale.
2.390 will buy it this week.
New six-roomed house on the Island, high
and dry, for at least \$250 cheaper than you
can buy a lot and build as good a house.
Four-roomed brine cottage at \$2 2.00 of Eori
Five-roomed brine, form, Renus for \$180.
Good str-roomed house, lot \$8x15, at 634
National road, just above Seventh street. It is
a road location. Room enough for another
house on the rear end of the lot. Will sell cheap.
A corner lot on Twenty-eighth street for \$70),
on a quick sale.

Again come with their elaborate spring sample, over 2000 for Gents' Sults, more than all Waceling combined and 25 per centless to the consumer. Also, a full time of Gents' Furnishing Goods. Fits guaranteed. W. FFERDEL

J. W. FERREL.

# Lumber 'o-day has reached a price, in the downward trend, that is already causing disaster to a great many manufacturers in various sections of the country. I do not think there is an industry in this country to-day that is suffering so severely from low prices as the southern pine industry. Only the best grades are handled, the baiance lies in the woods and rots. How can we compete with Canada in this business? We think it would be very disastrous not only to the manufacturer but the people of this country. We think this in view of the fact that the St. Lawrence Boom & Manufacturing Company has been paying out in the counties of Greenbrier and Pocahontas in this state to the farmer and laborer about \$100,000 a year. The loss of this amount would certainly fall heavily upon the laborers of this country. Gentlerien, I do not make this statement because I am a candidate. Since the reduction of the tariff in 1890 you can see the vast piles of lumber on our yards that have accumulated since the reduction of the tariff in 1890 you can see the vast piles of lumber on our yards that have accumulated since the reduction of the tariff in 1890 you can see the vast piles of lumber on our yards that have accumulated since the reduction of the tariff in 1890 you can see the vast piles of lumber on our yards that have accumulated since the reduction of the tariff in 1890 you can see the vast piles of insurance, taxes, &c. This lumber would have all been shipped to market if there had been no tampering with the tariff. It is what Hood's Sarsaparilla actual-